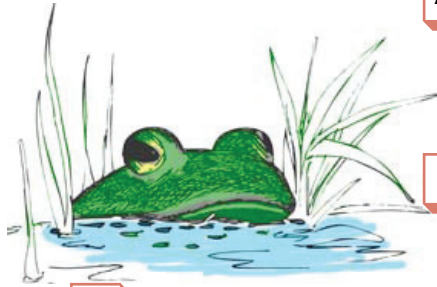




☐ **EAGLE**

THE EYES HAVE IT!

Over millions of years, wildlife species have developed different kinds of eyes that help them find food and keep them away from predators.



☐ **FROG**

A. If you have excellent eyesight you might be called _____-eyed.

B. This animal has no eyelids, but the eyes are protected by a transparent shield that is shed several times a year.



☐ **RABBIT**

C. Blind as a ____ may be a common expression, but this flying mammal does see poorly and depends on high-pitched sounds to locate the insects that it eats.

How many of these species have you seen with **YOUR** eyes?

Match the description of different eye types with these pictures of wildlife.

D. These eyes ride high on the head—a real advantage when the rest of the body is under the water.

E. These eyeballs are fixed in the head so the whole head must turn to follow something. The species is nocturnal.

F. These eyes bulge from both sides of the head to get a better view of what is around them. Bulging eyes help prey species know when danger is near.



OWL ☐



BAT ☐



SNAKE ☐

